

ARE WE MAKING PROGRESS?

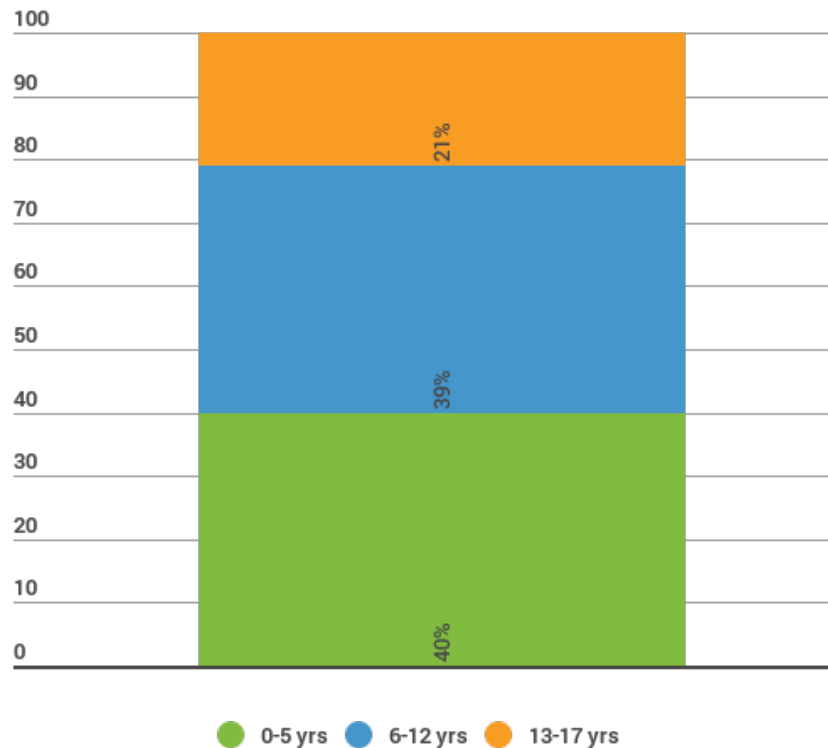
FAMILIES & COMMUNITIES

MEASURE		TREND	DATA YEAR	NC AVERAGE % or rate/approx. # affected	NC RANK	US AVERAGE	BEST RATE	WORST RATE
Safe, Stable, Nurturing Relationships								
Rate of investigated child abuse and neglect, per 1,000 (0-17)		—	2015	53.4/122,000	37	43.7	PA 8.6	WV 103.1
Average # of hours parents talk and play with their children daily (0-17)	Talk	NA	2011-2015	0.58 hours/day	NA	0.62 hrs/day	NA	NA
	Play			1.85 hours/day		1.84 hrs/day		
Average # of days per week that families eat their main meal together (0-17)	None	—	2012	4%/92,000				
	1-3			16%/366,000				
	4-6			32%/732,000				
	Everyday			47%/1,075,000	27	47%	NM 58.3%	CT 39.5%
Families have the Skills and Supports to Promote Children’s Optimal Development								
% of new mothers with <i>no or adequate</i> social supports	No	NA	2012	5.6%/7,000	This is a state-specific question on the NC PRAMS questionnaire, so it cannot be compared nationally.			
	Adequate			25.4%/30,000				
% of children who maintain literacy gains over the summer								
% of parents with knowledge of child development, parenting skills								
Average number of days per week that parents read to children (0-5)	None	—	2012	7.5%/56,000				
	1-2			12.6%/94,000				
	3-4			18.7%/140,000				
	5-6			16.9%/126,000				
	Everyday			44.3%/331,000	41	47.9%	VT 71.6%	TX 38.3%
Family Economic Security								
% of children living below 200% FPL	Ages 0-17	—	2014	50%	39	44%	NH 28%	MS 55%
	Age 0-8			53.4%/591,000				
% of birth-to-eight who are homeless (students in public schools)	PK-12th	✗	2013	1.8%	NA	2.4%	CT 0.5%	KY 4.5%
	K-3rd			2.0%/10,000				
Toxic-Free, Safe, Viable Communities								
Rate of reported violent crimes per 100,000		✓	2014	329.5	27	375.7	VT 99.3	AK 635.8
% of adults living on a block where it is <i>never or sometimes</i> safe for children to play outside		—	2012	10.5%/240,100	20	13.4%	ID 5.3%	NY 20.1%
% of children living in high poverty neighborhoods (0-17)		✗	2010-14	14.0%/321,200	29	14.0%	WY 1%	MS 27%
% of children with elevated blood lead levels								

SAFE, STABLE AND NURTURING RELATIONSHIPS

Child Abuse and Neglect

Child Abuse and Neglect, by Age at First Report (2015)



Source: Duncan, D.F. et al (2016). Management Assistance for Child Welfare, Work First and Food & Nutrition Services in North Carolina (v.3.2). UNC-CH Jordan Institute for Families website. Demographic data from US Census Bureau American Community Survey

FAMILIES WITH SKILLS AND SUPPORTS TO PROMOTE OPTIMAL DEVELOPMENT

Support for New Mothers



48

Percent of all parents don't feel they are getting the support they need when they feel stressed. Moms are more likely (57%) to say they have inadequate support than dads (39%).



54

Percent of single parents who have no other co-parent involved in their child's care don't get the help they need.



8

Percent of parents overall say they get no support at all.

The fact that fully half of parents say they aren't getting the support they need presents a risk and an opportunity. We know from decades of research that, especially during times of stress, the more parents feel supported, the better able they are to provide a caring and healthy environment for their children. Those children then fare better on a variety of academic and social well-being measures in the long-term.

FAMILIES WITH SKILLS AND SUPPORTS TO PROMOTE OPTIMAL DEVELOPMENT

Parent Skills and Knowledge

Parent Skills	
% of parents from all backgrounds who agree that good parenting can be learned	83%
% of parents who say that if they knew more positive parenting strategies, they would use them	69%
% of parents who wish they had more information about how to be a better parent	54%
% of dads who say they participate more in playtime with their children than they recall their own parents doing	47%
% of dads who say they read more to their children than they recall their own parents doing	47%
% of parents who report struggling with the most effective way to discipline	57%
% of parents who say they do not want to yell or raise their voices as quickly as they do	42%
% of parents who recognize that shaming (verbally putting a child down or calling him names) can be as harmful as physical abuse	69%
% of parents who report saying "I love you" more than their own parents did	57%
% of parents who report showing affection more than their own parents did	53%
% of parents who report participating in play more than their own parents did	49%
% of parents who report reading to their children more than their own parents did	49%
% of parents who report spending time listening and talking with their children more than their own parents did	47%

About half of parents believe that children are capable of self-control and other developmental milestones much earlier than they actually are:



43

Percent of parents think children can share and take turns with other children before age 2, and 71% believe children have this ability before age 3. In fact, this skill develops between 3 to 4 years.



36

Percent of parents surveyed said that children under age 2 have enough impulse control to resist the desire to do something forbidden, and 56% said this happens before age 3. In fact, most children are not able to master this until between 3.5 to 4 years of age.



47

Percent of parents want to learn more about how and when children develop self-control. 42% want to know more about what skills to expect at different ages.

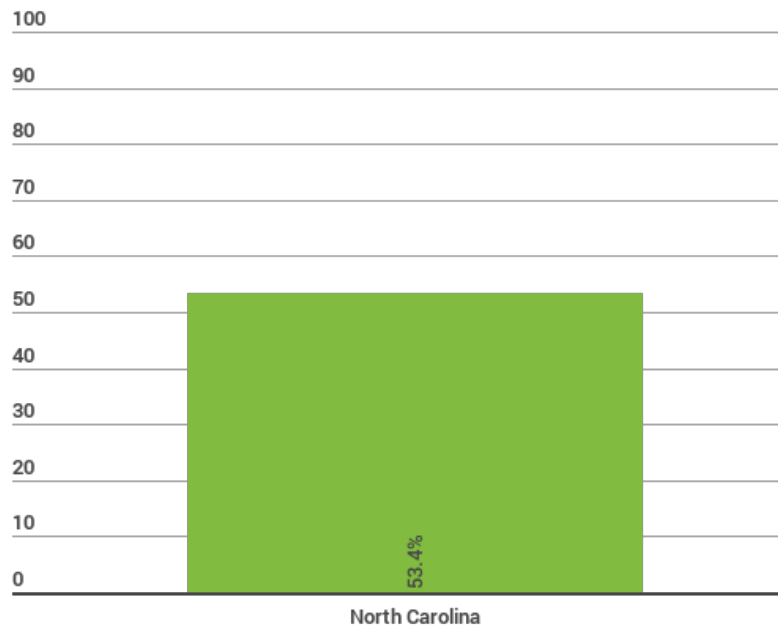
Knowledge of Child Development

- When asked at what age the quality of a parent's care has a long-term impact on a child's development, 50% said 6 months or older. (It is actually from birth.)
- When asked to identify the age at which children can begin to feel sad or fearful, 42% of parents say one year or older. (It is actually from 3-5 months.)
- Nearly half of parents think that reading to children starts to benefit long-term language development about a year and a half later than it actually does: 45% say the benefits start at 2 years or older. In reality, benefits begin at about 6 months.
- One third of parents believe that talking to children starts to benefit their language skills at a year old or later, when in fact it begins at birth.

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Family Poverty

The percentage of children birth-to-eight living below 200% of the federal poverty level (2014)

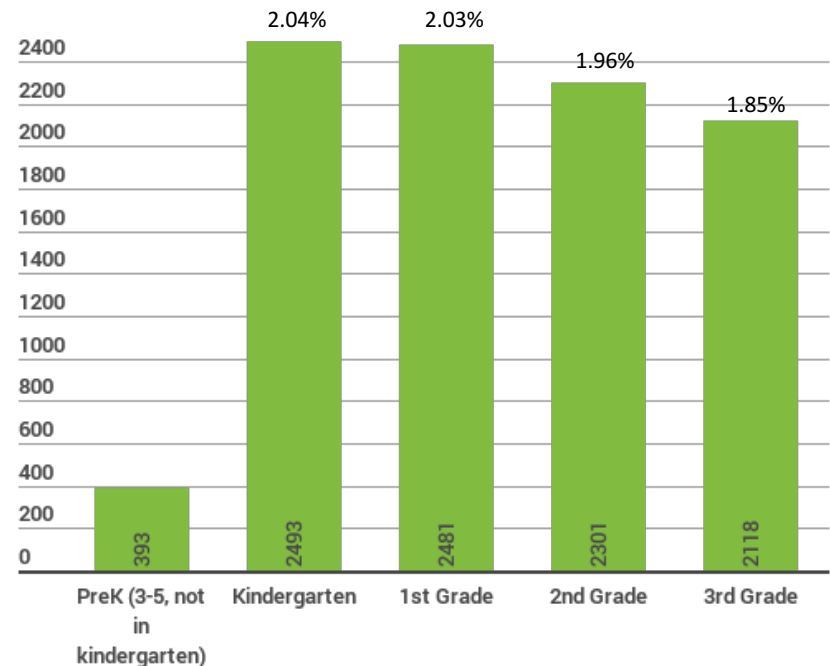


Source: NC Child analysis of US Census Bureau. 2010-2014 American Community Survey PUMS.

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Homelessness

Number of homeless students enrolled in public schools in NC, by grade (2013-14)

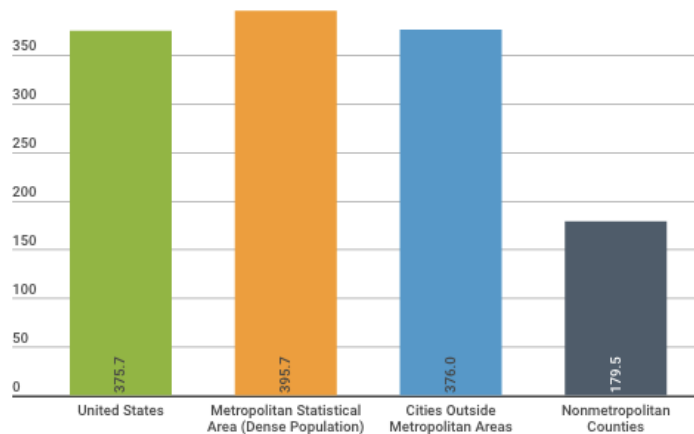


Source: National Center for Homeless Education, Consolidated State Performance Report and North Carolina Factsheet (2013-14). DPI Statistical Profile (2013-14).

TOXIC-FREE, SAFE, VIABLE COMMUNITIES

Neighborhood Crime

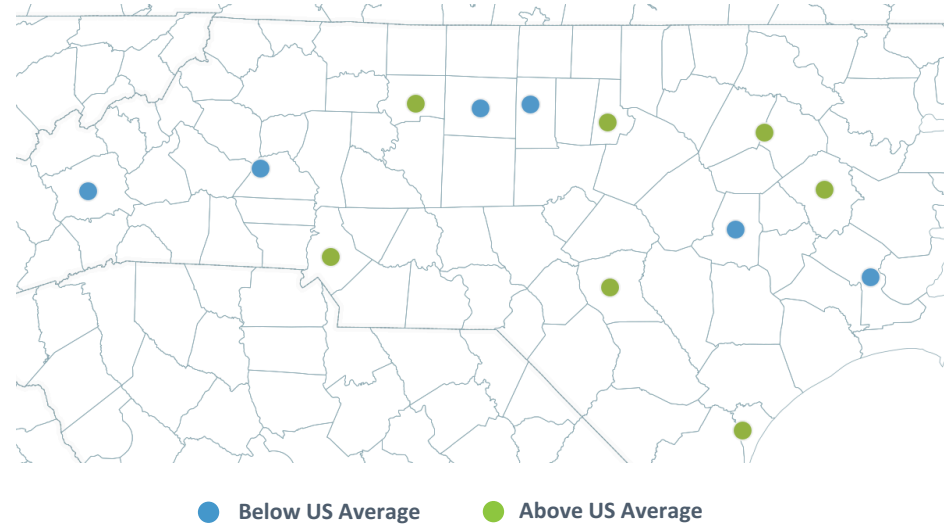
US Violent Crime Rate, by Community Type
Per 100,000 Inhabitants, 2014



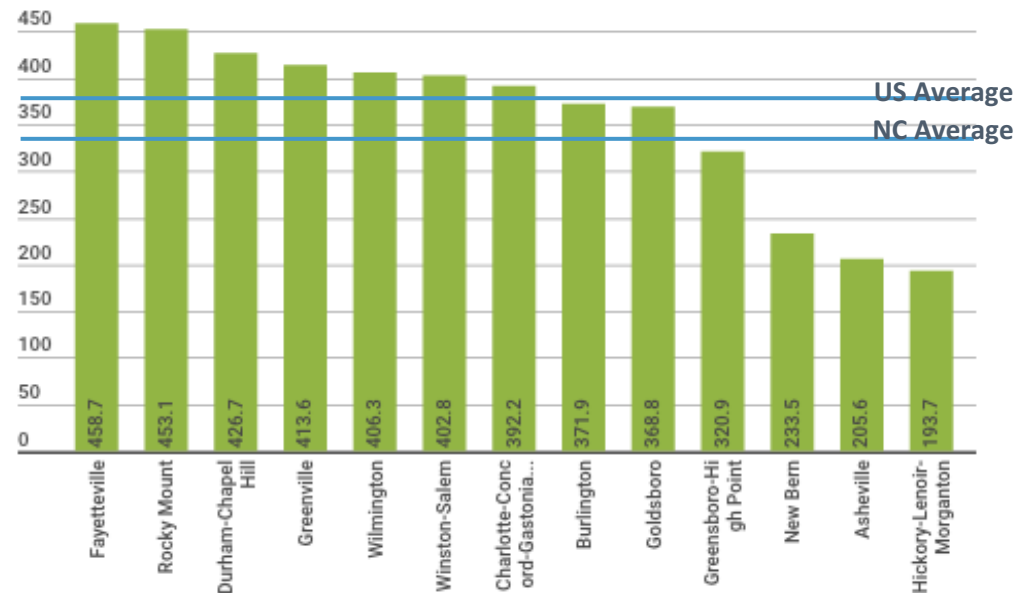
Pathways Measure: Rate of reported violent crimes, by census tract

Source: FBI, Uniform Crime Reporting, *2014 Crime in the United States*. <https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2014/crime-in-the-u.s.-2014>

Violent Crime Rate, by Select NC Metropolitan Statistical Areas
Per 100,000 Inhabitants, 2014



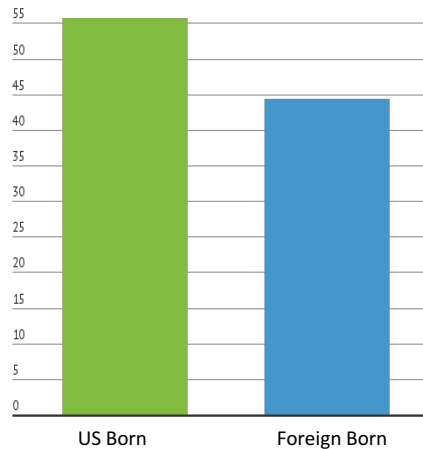
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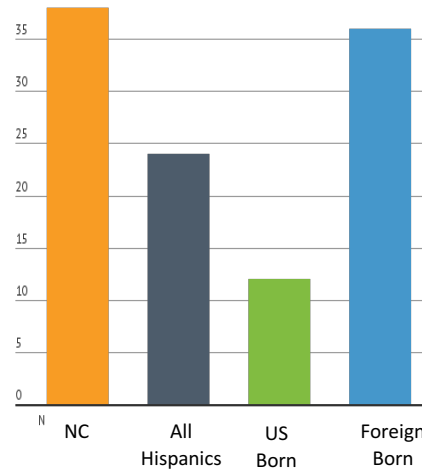
North Carolina's Hispanic Population

Source: Pew Research Center, Hispanic Trends, *Demographic profile of Hispanics in NC* 2014. <http://www.pewhispanic.org/states/state/nc/>

US Born and Foreign Born

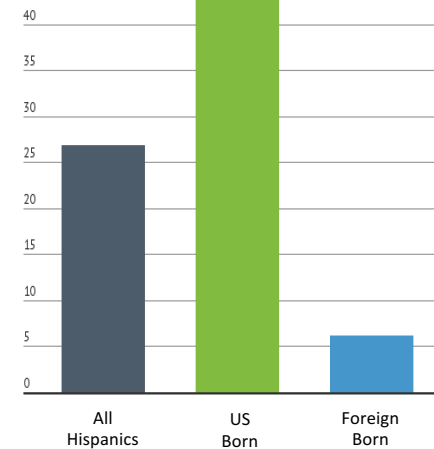


Median Age

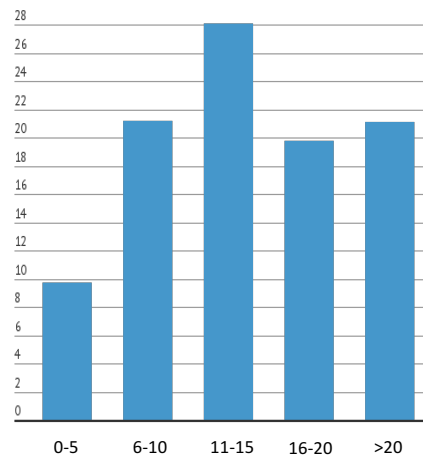


School Enrollment

Age: 5-18 Years as Percentage of Total K-12th Grade Enrollment

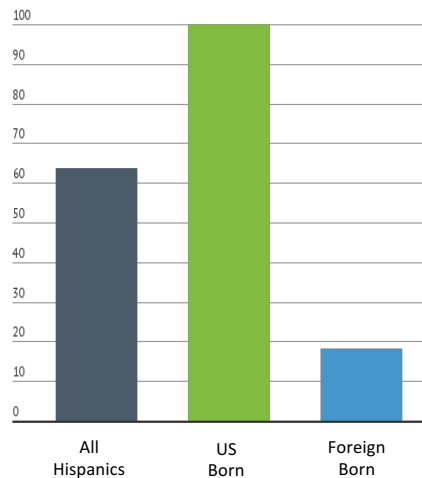


Years in the US for Foreign Born Hispanics



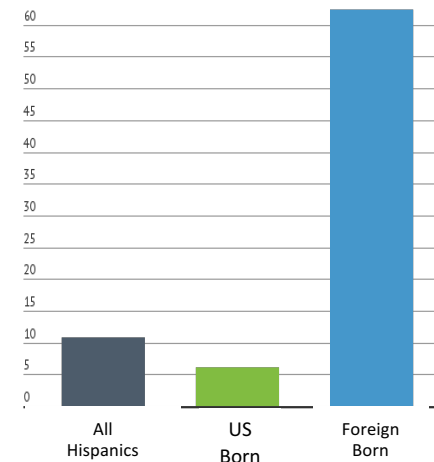
US Citizenship

Percentage of Hispanic People in North Carolina Who Are US Citizens



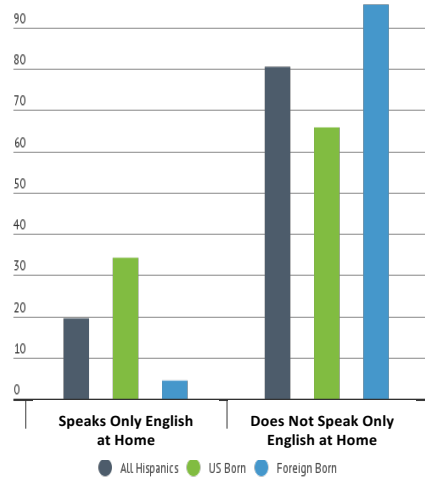
Health Insurance

Percentage of Hispanic Children in NC Younger than 18 Who Are Uninsured

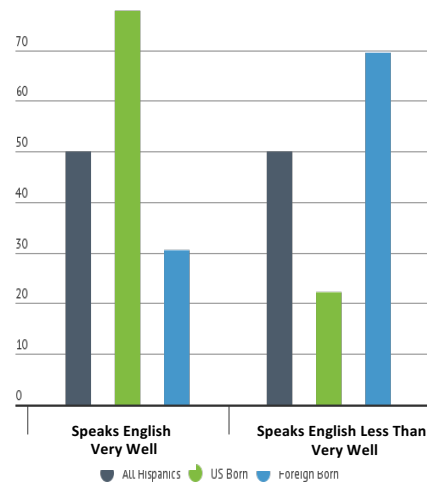


Language Spoken

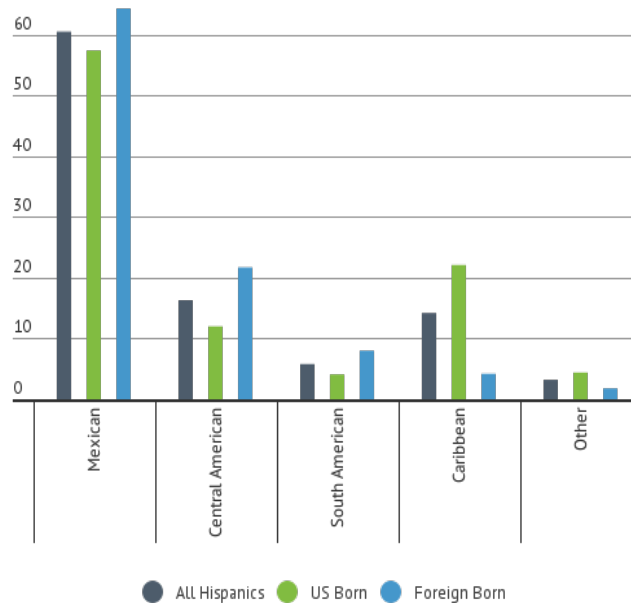
Age 5 and Older



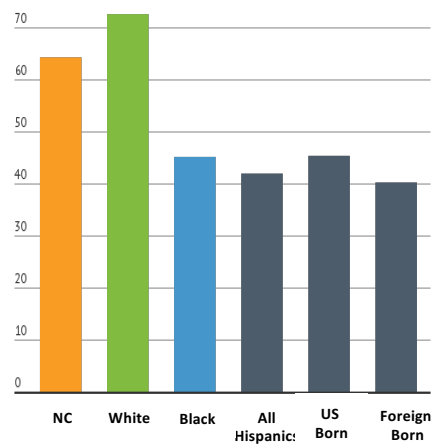
Percentage of Those That Do Not Speak Only English Who Speak English Very Well or Less Well



Hispanic Origin



Home Ownership Rate



Median Household Income

